

L'inhibition des protéines BET : une thérapie épigénétique pour les lymphomes B de haut grade



Dr Rémy Gressin, PH Hématologie Clinique, CHUGA

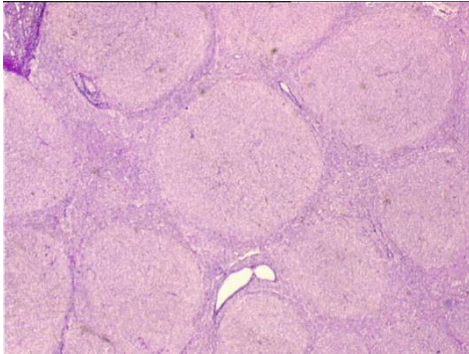
Dr Anouk EMADALI, Institut pour l'Avancée des Biosciences
Pôle Recherche CHUGA



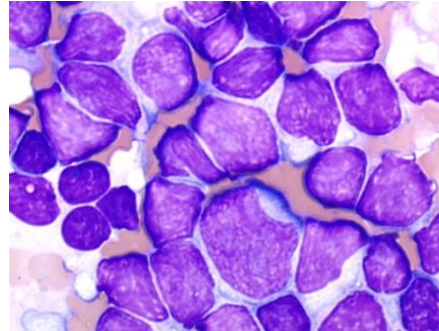
Génétique et Epigénétique des Cancers lymphoïdes > Epigénétique translationnelle

Biopsie - Analyse multidisciplinaire

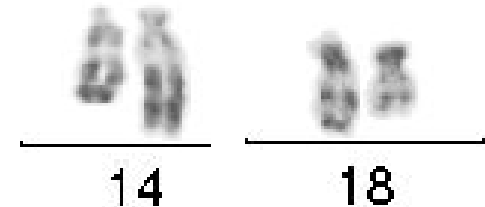
Diagnostic d'entité



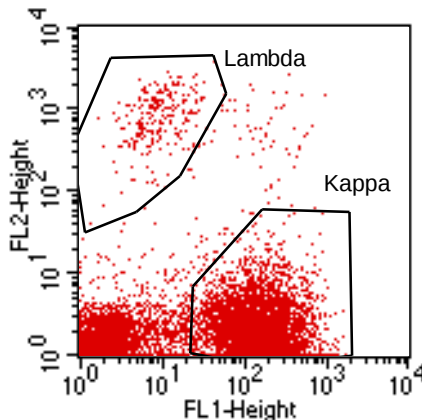
Histologie - IH



Cytologie



**Cytogénétique
FISH**

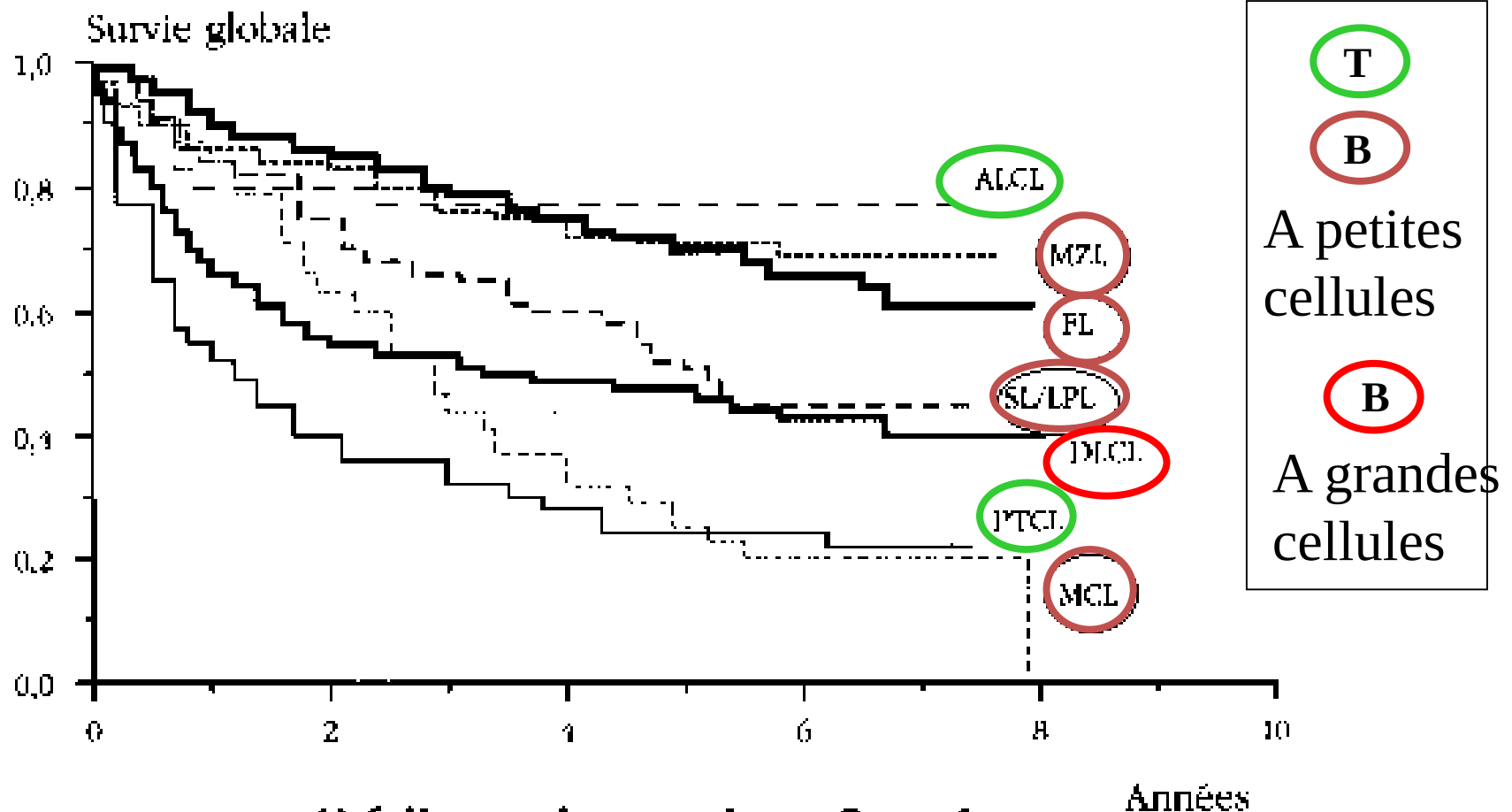


**Immunophénotypage
CMF**

ENTITE

Biologie moléculaire / PCR - NGS
réarrangement (ex BCL2/JH)

Valeur pronostique de l'entité

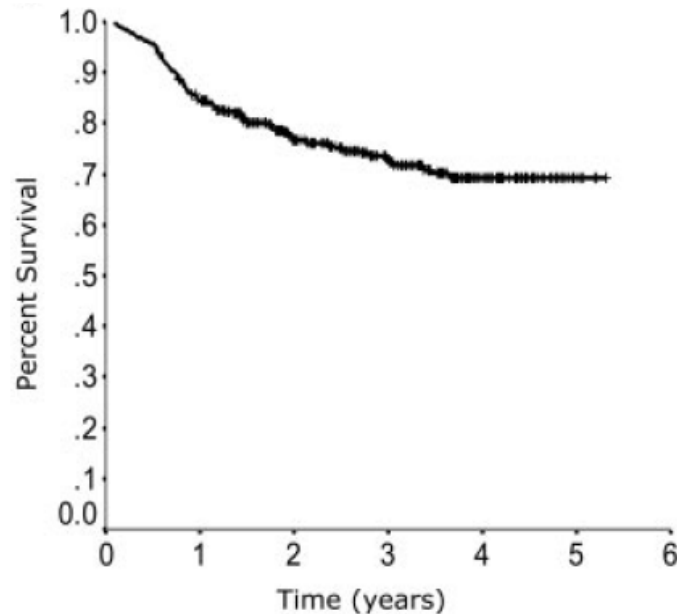


Médiane de survie : 3 - 4 ans

Survie des 1 254 malades inclus dans l'étude de validation de la Real classification en fonction des types histologiques.

Immuno chimiothérapie : le schéma R-CHOP

- Rituximab Mabthera ® :375 mg/m ²	IV	J1
- Cyclophosphamide ENDOXAN® : 750 mg/m ²	IV	J1
- HydroxyAdriamycine DOXORUBICINE®: 50 mg/m ²	IV	J1
- ONCOVIN ® : 1.4 mg/m ²	IV	J1
- PREDNISON E : 40 mg/m ²	PO	J1-5



Guérisons 60%

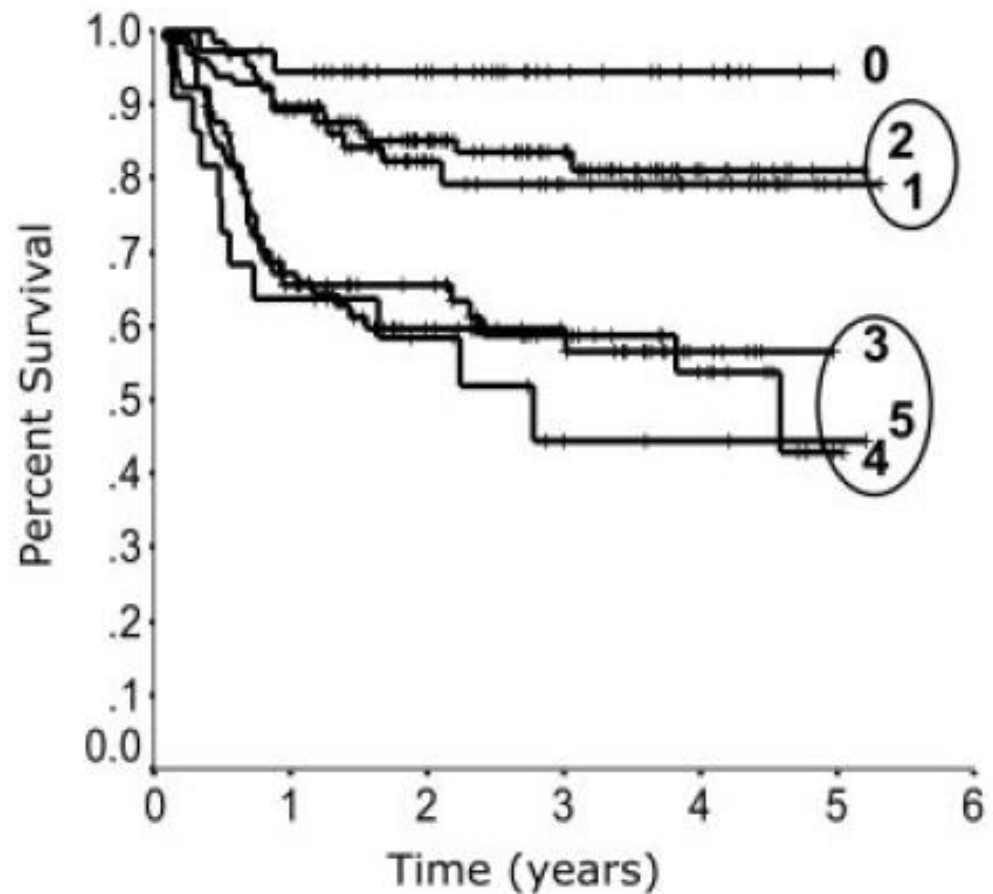
Rechutes et décès 40%

Index R-IPI

Rituximab International Prognostic Index

5 facteurs indépendants

- Age : < vs > 60 ans
- Stade I-II vs III-IV
- ECOG 0-1 vs 2-3 ou 4
- N site extra gg: <2 vs ≥ 2
- LDH : N vs >N



WHO classification 2008 → new 2016

Diffuse large B-cell lymphoma.

Diffuse large B-cell lymphoma (DLBCL), NOS

T-cell/histiocyte rich large B-cell lymphoma (T/HRBCL)

EBV+ DLBCL of the “elderly”

DLBCL with a predominant extranodal location

Primary mediastinal (thymic) large B cell lymphoma (PMBL)

Intravascular large B-cell lymphoma (IVLBCL)

Primary cutaneous DLBCL, leg type (PCLBCL, leg type)

Primary DLBCL of CNS

Lymphomatoid granulomatosis

Large-cell lymphomas of terminally differentiated B-cells

ALK positive large B-cell lymphoma

Plasmablastic lymphoma (PBL)

Primary effusion lymphoma (PEL)

DLBCL associated with chronic inflammation

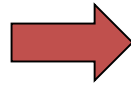
B-cell neoplasms with features intermediated between DLBCL and other lymphoid tumours

B-cell lymphoma, unclassifiable, with features intermediate between diffuse and

Large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt lymphoma

B-cell lymphoma, unclassifiable, with features intermediate between diffuse and

Large B-cell lymphoma and classical Hodgkin lymphoma



● *Large B-cell lymphoma with IRF4 rearrangement**

Primary cutaneous follicle center lymphoma

Mantle cell lymphoma

In situ mantle cell neoplasia*

Diffuse large B-cell lymphoma (DLBCL), NOS

● Germinal center B-cell type*

● Activated B-cell type*

T-cell/histiocyte-rich large B-cell lymphoma

Primary DLBCL of the central nervous system (CNS)

Primary cutaneous DLBCL, leg type

● EBV⁺ DLBCL, NOS*

● *EBV⁺ mucocutaneous ulcer**

DLBCL associated with chronic inflammation

Lymphomatoid granulomatosis

Primary mediastinal (thymic) large B-cell lymphoma

Intravascular large B-cell lymphoma

ALK⁺ large B-cell lymphoma

Plasmablastic lymphoma

Primary effusion lymphoma

● *HHV8⁺ DLBCL, NOS**

Burkitt lymphoma

● *Burkitt-like lymphoma with 11q aberration**

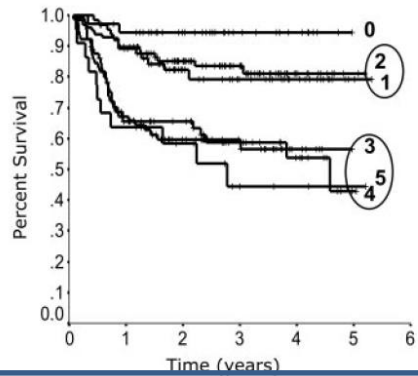
● High-grade B-cell lymphoma, with *MYC* and *BCL2* and/or *BCL6* rearrangements*

● High-grade B-cell lymphoma, NOS*

B-cell lymphoma, unclassifiable, with features intermediate between DLBCL and classical Hodgkin lymphoma

RCHOP la référence - Facteurs Pronostiques

Index R-IPI

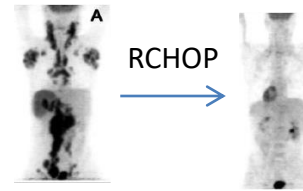


5 facteurs indépendants

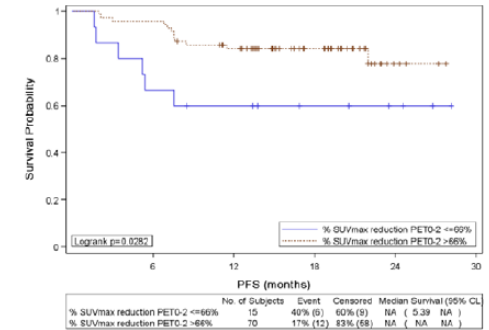
- Age : < vs > 60 ans
- Stade I-II vs III-IV
- ECOG 0-1 vs 2-3 ou 4
- N site extra gg: <2 vs ≥2
- LDH : N vs >N

Sehn, Blood 2007

TEP interim



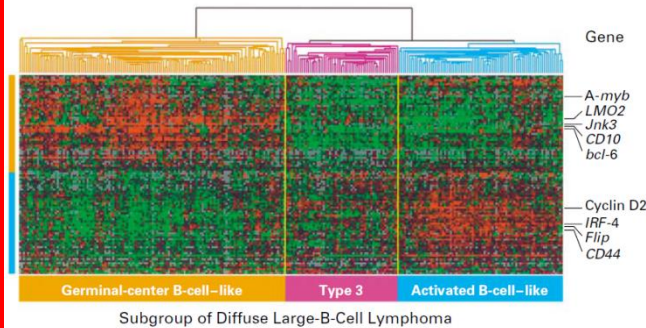
Calcul deltaSUV



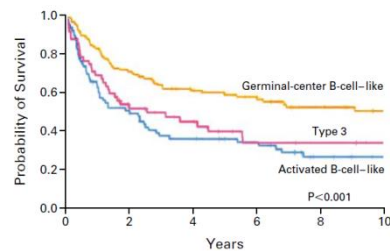
Casasnovas Blood 2012

COO

GEP

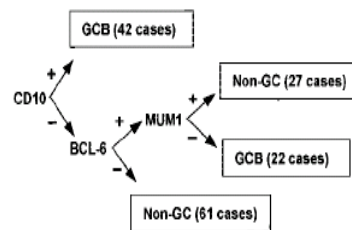


Subgroup of Diffuse Large-B-Cell Lymphoma

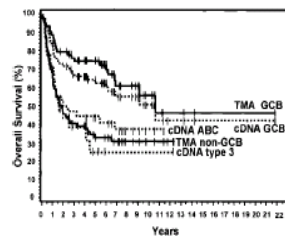


Rosenwald, NEJM 2002

IH



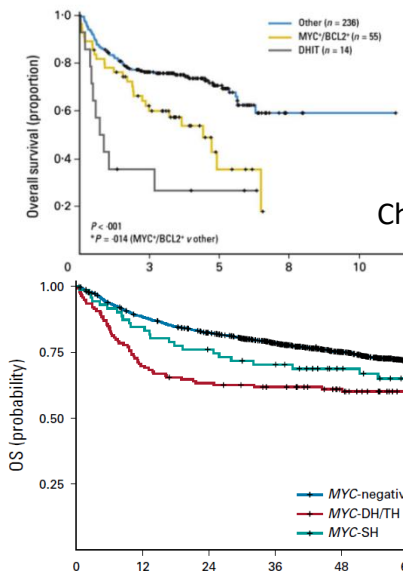
Decision tree for immunoperoxidase TMA classification of DLBCL



Non reproducible:
Corrélation NonGC 80%
GC 95%

Hans CP, Neoplasia 2004

Doubles/Triples Hit Cmyc et Bcl2, Bcl6: 5-10% des DLBCL



Cheah CY, BJH 2014

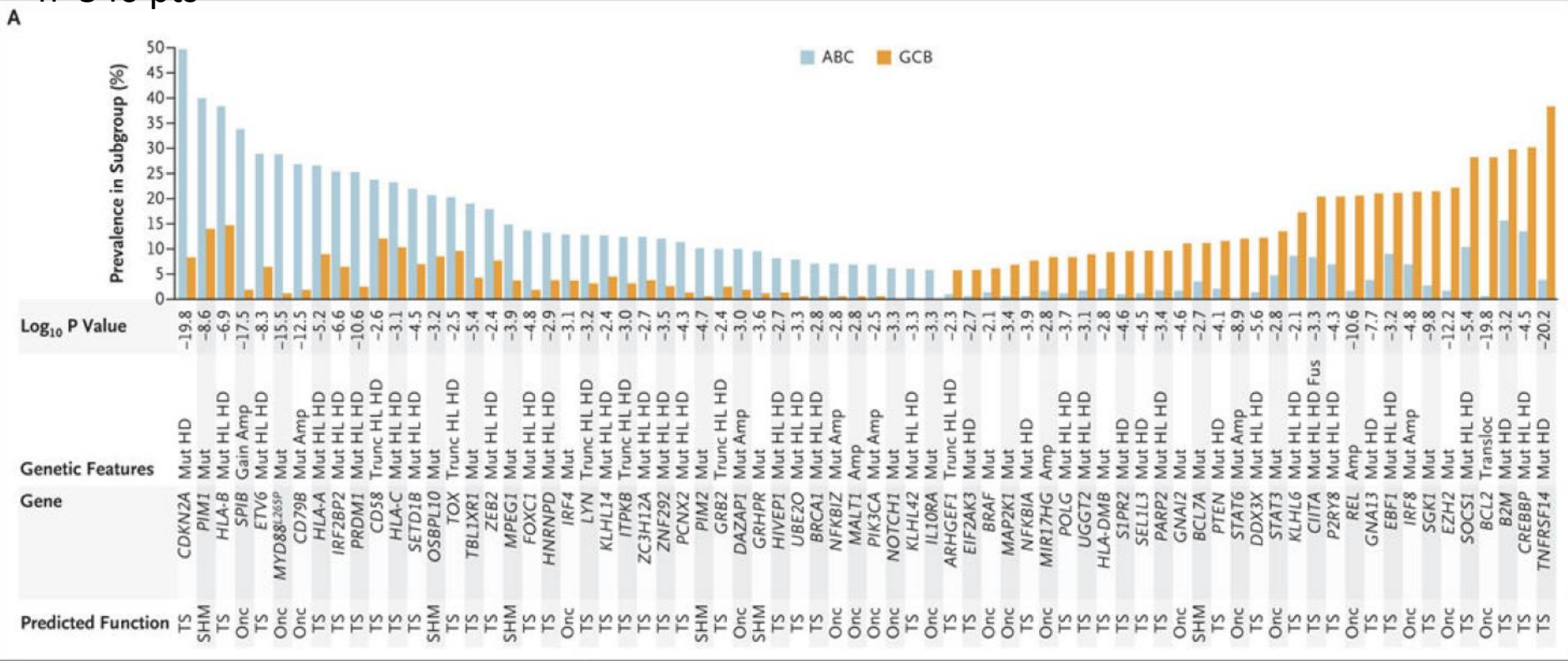
Gene partenaire de myc- Igh, K, L

Rosenwald A, JCO 2019

Apport profils mutationnels

NGS: Séquençage haut débit

n=540 pts



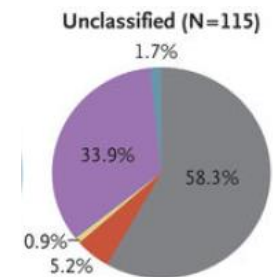
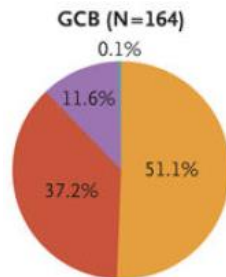
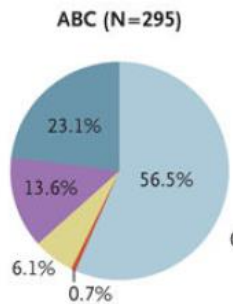
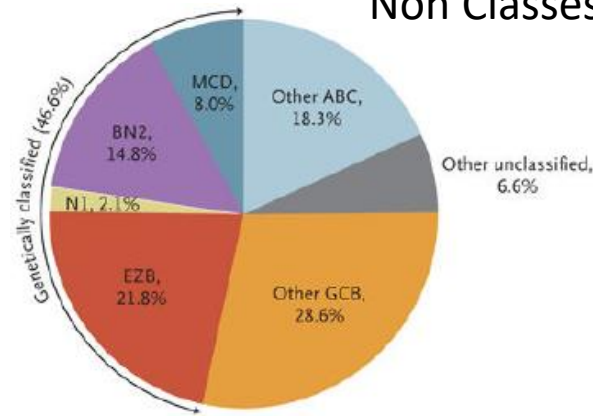
Combinatoire : DNaseq (WES)+RNAseq (exomes)+SV+ CopyN

n=540 pts

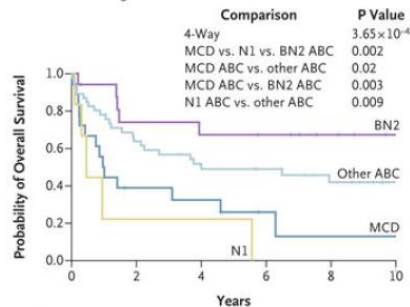
Classés: 44,8%

Non Classés: 55.2%

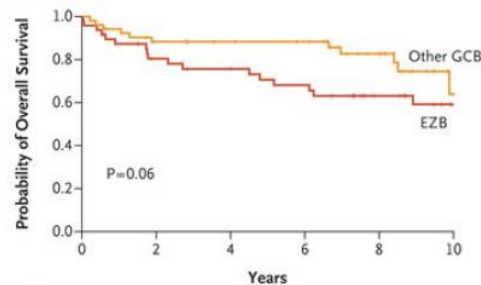
- **MCD:** MYD88L265P + CD79B muté
- **BN2:** BCL6 fusion + Notch2 muté
- **N1:** Notch 1 muté
- **EZB:** EZH2 muté + BCL2 transloqué



D Overall Survival among Patients with ABC Tumors

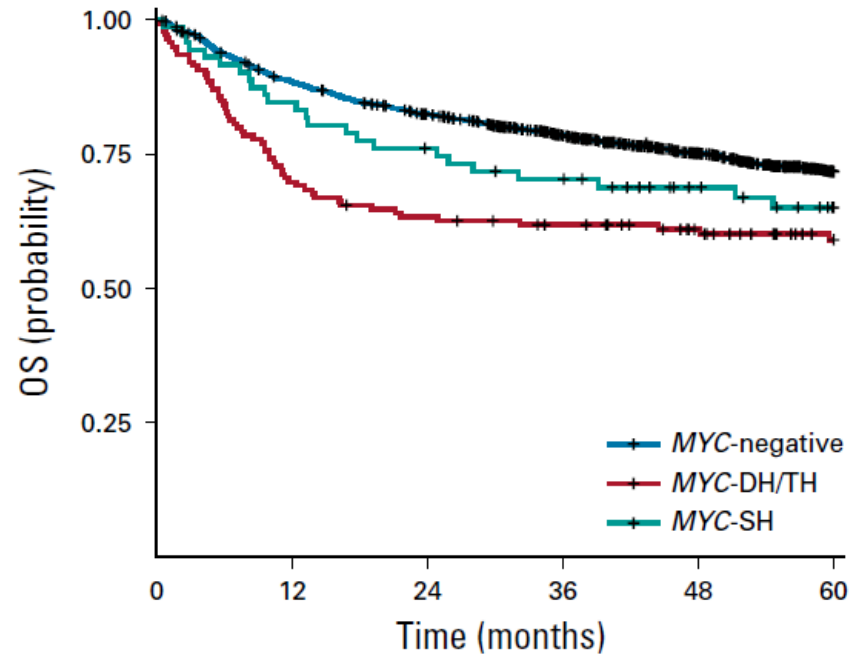


No. at Risk	0	2	4	6	8	10
MCD	18	6	5	2	1	1
BN2	17	11	10	9	6	3
N1	6	1	1	0	0	0
Other ABC	46	27	19	16	11	5



No. at Risk	0	2	4	6	8	10
EZB	47	33	29	26	18	11
Other GCB	52	43	39	37	26	6

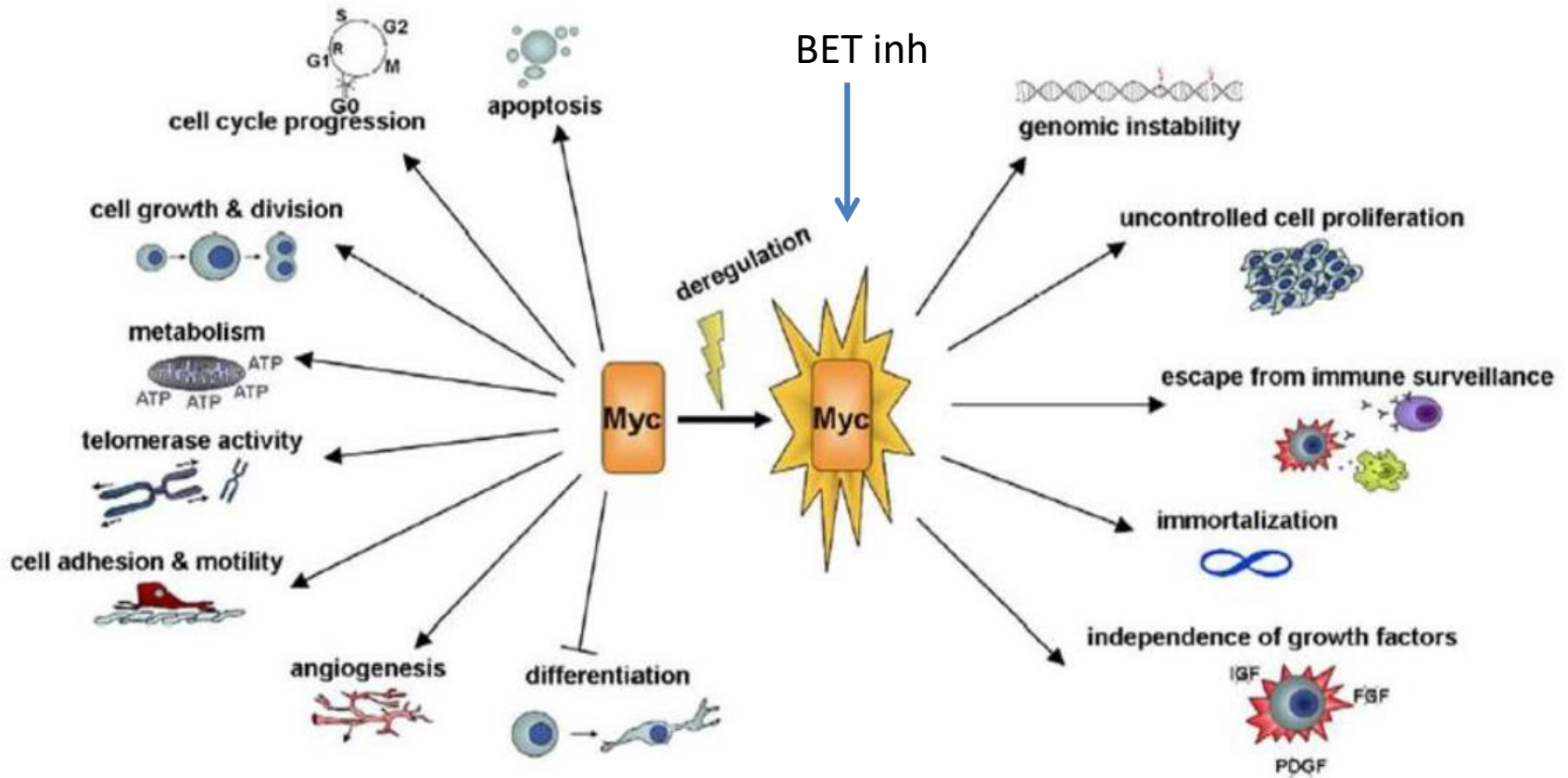
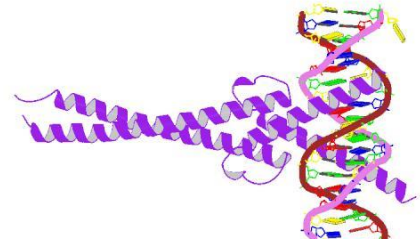
Double/Triple Hit – MYC,BCL2,BCL6



No. at risk:

MYC-negative	2,119	1,858	1,716	1,556	1,353	1,106
MYC-DH/TH	139	97	87	81	69	54
MYC-SH	72	60	53	48	38	29

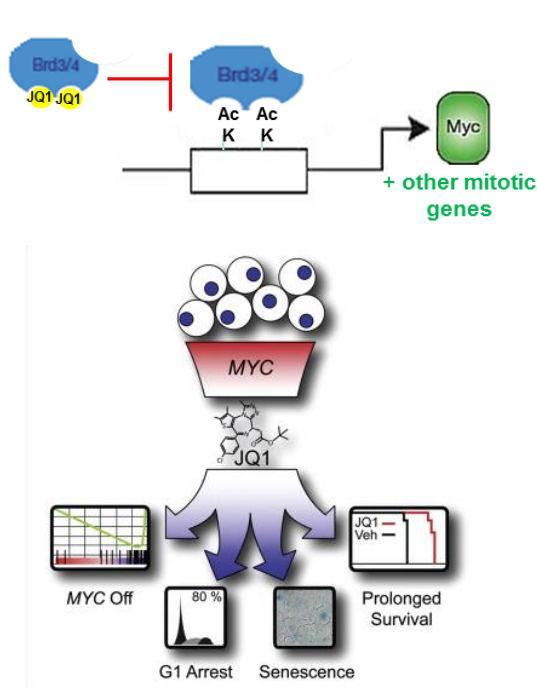
MYC



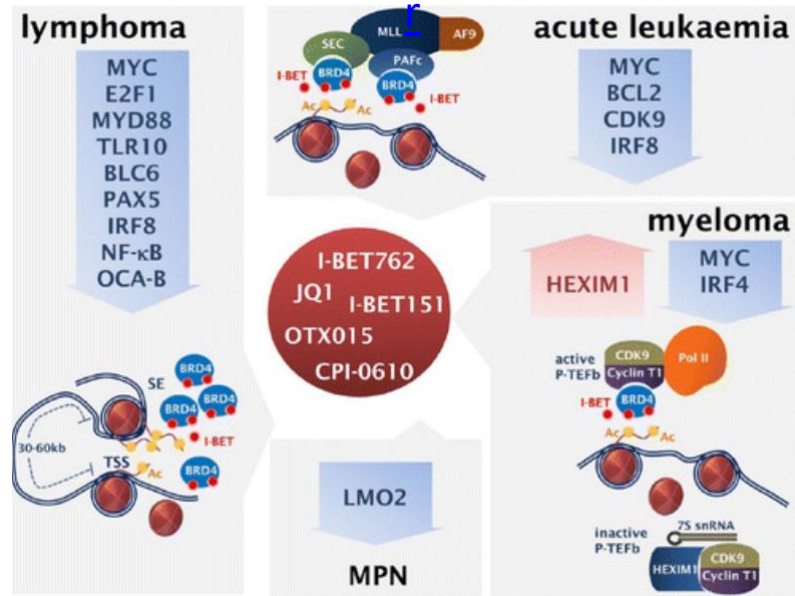
BET inhibition in hematological malignancies

Targets:

1) MYC



2) Master regulators of germinal center and lymphomagenesis



Chapuy, Cancer Cell, 2013

Loven, Cell, 2013

Filippakopoulos et al, Nature, 2010

Zuber et al, Nature, 2011,

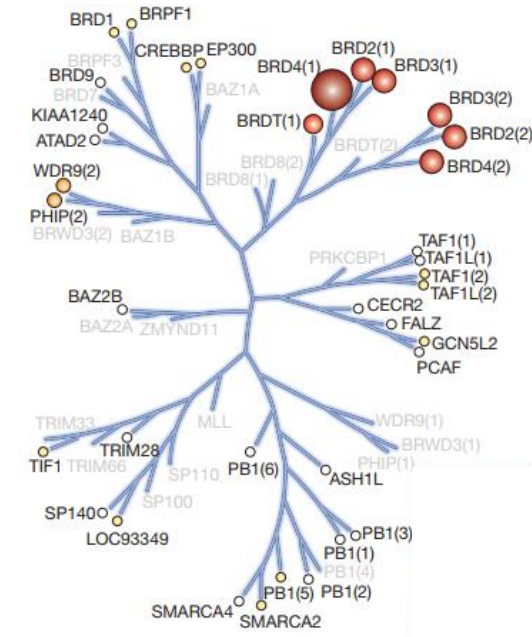
Delmore et al, Cell, 2011

Mertz et al, PNAS, 2011

Ott et al, Blood, 2012

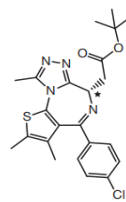
**Super-enhancers oncogenic transcription :
selectivity of anti-tumor effects**

BET inhibition : Drug development

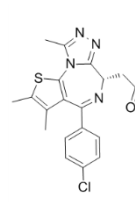


Diazepines

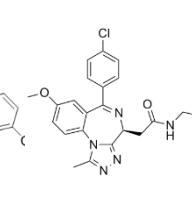
JQ1



OTX015

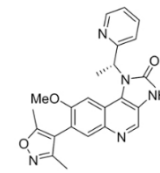


iBET-762

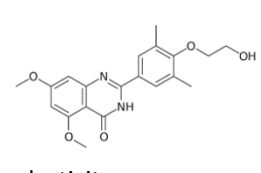


Quinolines/quinazolones

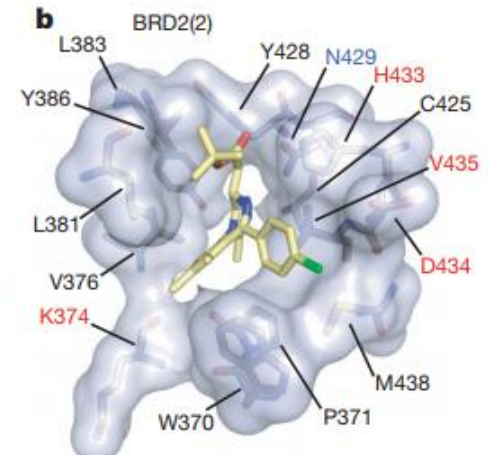
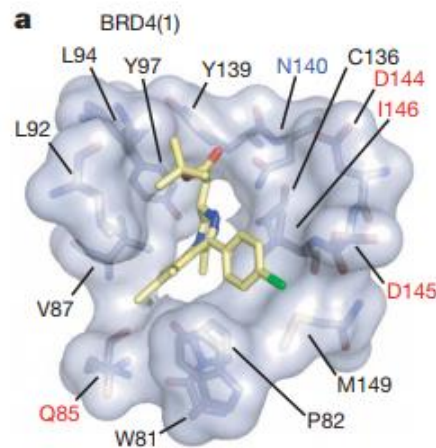
iBET-151



RVX208



BD2 selectivity



BET inhibition : Early phase clinical trials

Drug	Phase	ClinicalTrials.gov identifier	Status	Lymphoma patients	Responses in lymphoma patients	Reference
AZD5153	1	NCT03205176	Recruiting	Yes	No data reported	No data reported
BAY 1238097	1	NCT02369029	Terminated	No ^a	–	Reported [62]
BI 894999	1	NCT02516553	Recruiting	No data reported	No data reported	Abstract [55]
Birabresib (OTX015/MK-8628)	1	NCT01713582	Completed	33 (67% DLBCL)	2 CR (DLBCL), 1 PR (DLBCL), 6 minor responses	Reported [51,60]
BMS-986158	1/2	NCT02419417 (single agent and in combination with nivolumab)	Recruiting	No data reported	No data reported	Abstract [56]
CC-90010	1	NCT03220347	Recruiting	Yes (1 lymphoma)	–	Abstract [66]
CPI-0610	1	NCT01949883	Active, not recruiting	64 (56% DLBCL)	2 CR (ABC DLBCL, TCHR DLBCL), 3 PR (2 ABC DLBCL, 1 FL), 5 SD	Abstract [52]
FT-1101	1	NCT02543879	Recruiting	No data reported	No data reported	No data reported
GS-5829	1	NCT02392611	Completed	No data reported	No data reported	No data reported
INCB054329	1/2	NCT02431260	Completed	Yes [4]	No data reported	Abstract [57]
INCB057643	1/2	NCT02711137 (single agent and in combination with standard-of-care)	Active, not recruiting	Yes (3 FL)	1 CR, 2 SD	Abstract [53]
Mivebresib (ABBY-075)	1	NCT02391480 (single agent and in combination with venetoclax)	Active, not recruiting	No data reported	No data reported	Abstract [67,68]
Molibresib (GSK525762/IBET762)	1	NCT01943851	Recruiting	Yes (19 B-cell, 8 T-cell)	1 CR (DLBCL), 4 PR (1 DLBCL, 3 CTCL)	Abstract [54]
PLX51107	1/2	NCT02683395	Terminated (Business Decision)	Yes	No data reported	Abstract [58]
RG6146 (RO6870810/TEN-010)	1	NCT01987362	Completed	Yes (19 DLBCL)	2 PR	Abstract [69]
RG6146 (RO6870810/TEN-010)	1	NCT03255096 (combination with venetoclax with and without rituximab)	Recruiting	Yes	No data reported	No data reported

ABC, activated B-cell subtype; CR, complete response; CTCL, cutaneous T-cell lymphomas; DLBCL, diffuse large B-cell lymphoma; FL, follicular lymphoma; PR, partial response; SD, stable disease; TCHR, T-cell/histocyte-rich.

^aEnrollment planned for lymphoma patients but early closure because of toxicity.

Single agent – Phase I/II Dose escalation studies

Berthon, Lancet Haematology, 2016 - AML
Amorim, Lancet Haematology, 2016 - DLBCL, MM

Severe side effects :

thrombocytopenia, gastrointestinal events, fatigue

But, evidence of clinical activity :

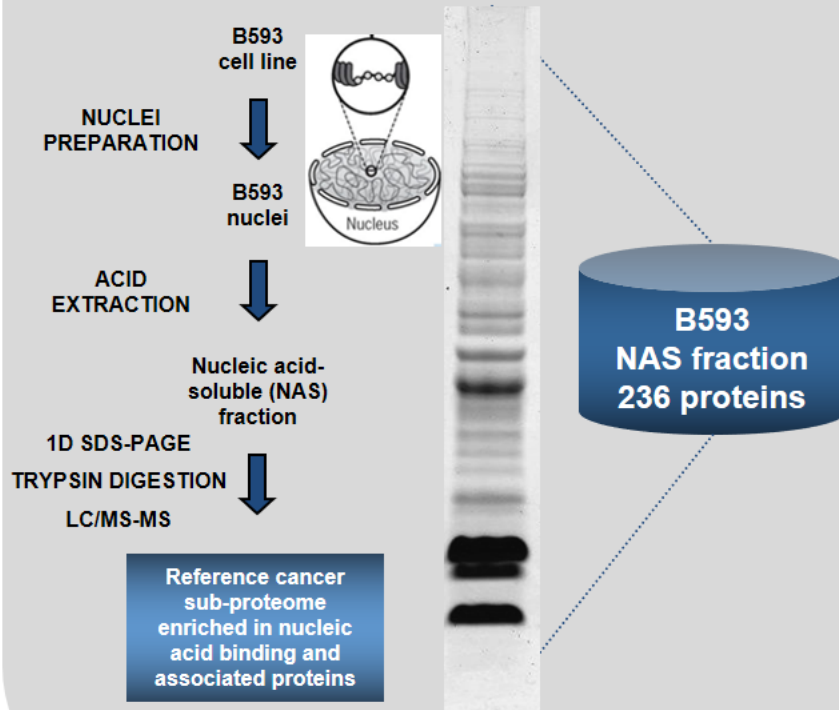
- Complete responses
- Partial responses

Emerging class of anti-cancer targets, but rational is lagging...

Identification of an iBET-sensitive gene regulatory circuit in high grade B-cell lymphoma

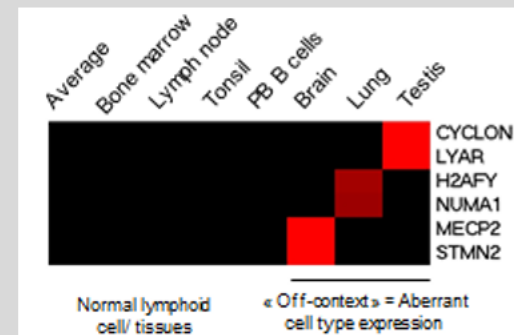
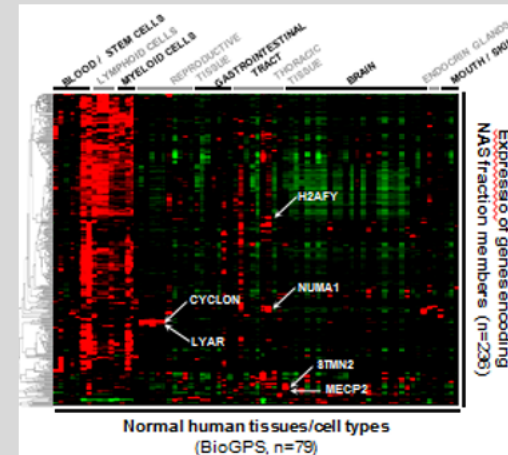
NUCLEAR PROTEOME

Model : high-risk B-cell lymphoma
B593 « double hit » DLBCL cell line



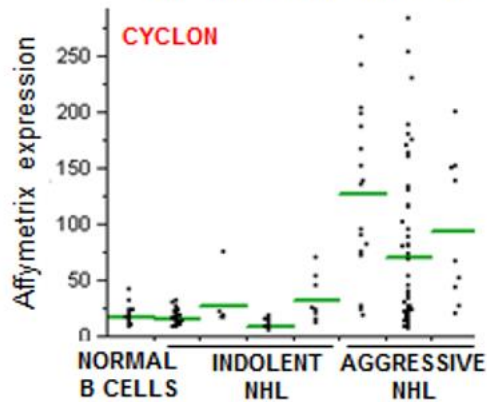
NORMAL TISSUE GENE EXPRESSION PROFILE

Meta-analysis of public expression database

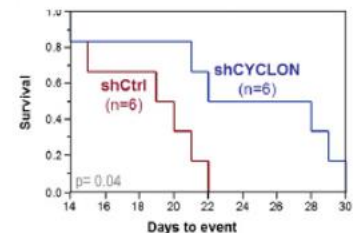
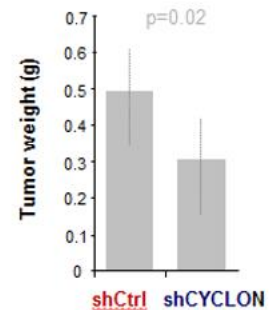
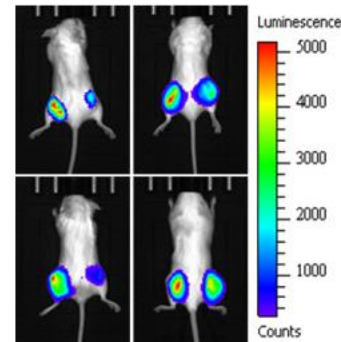
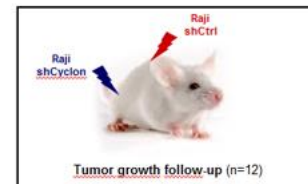
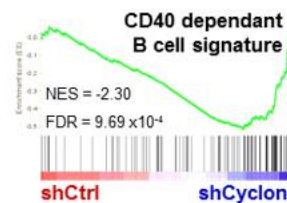
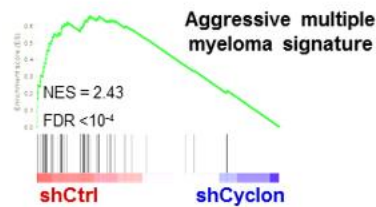
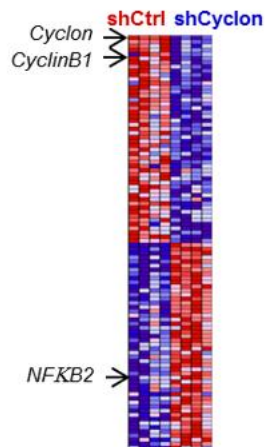
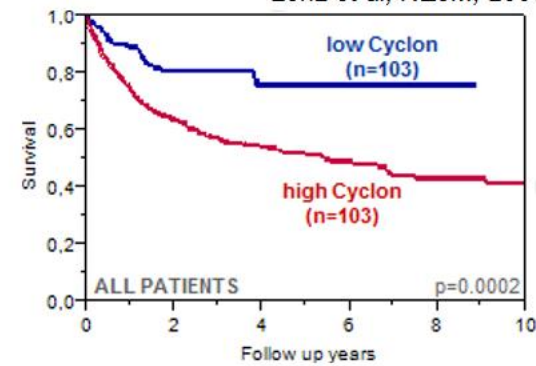


CYCLON is an autonomous tumor growth driver associated with disease aggressivity

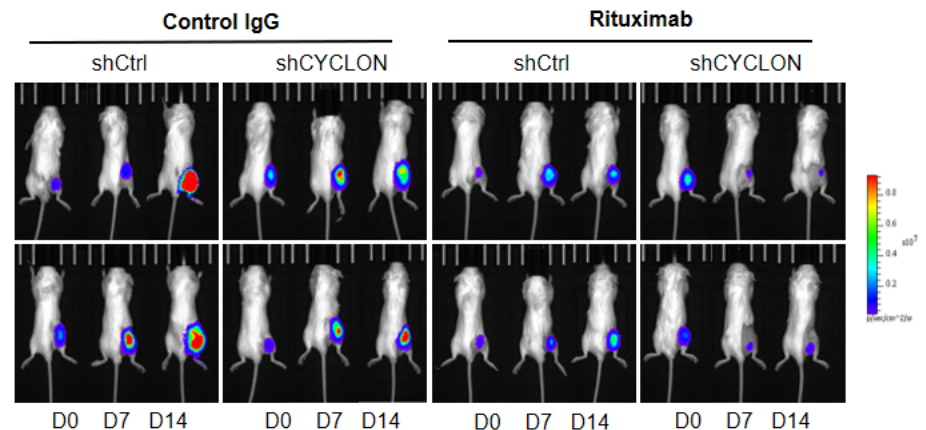
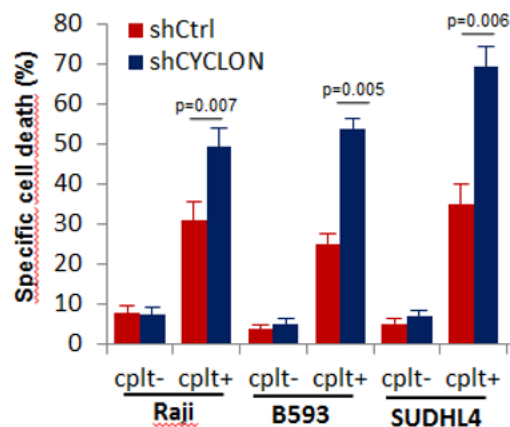
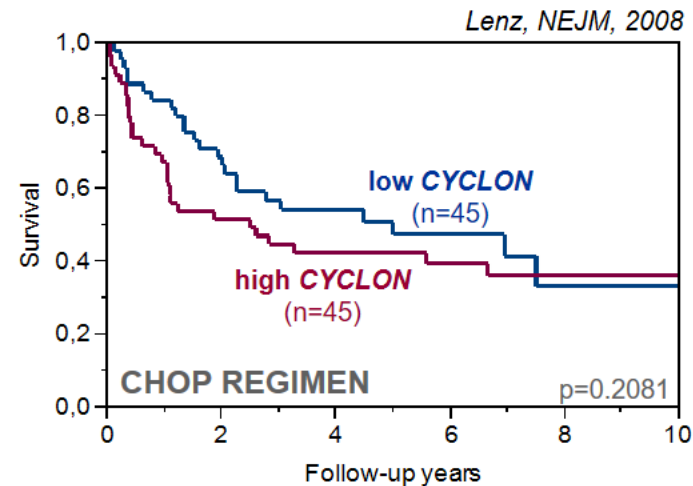
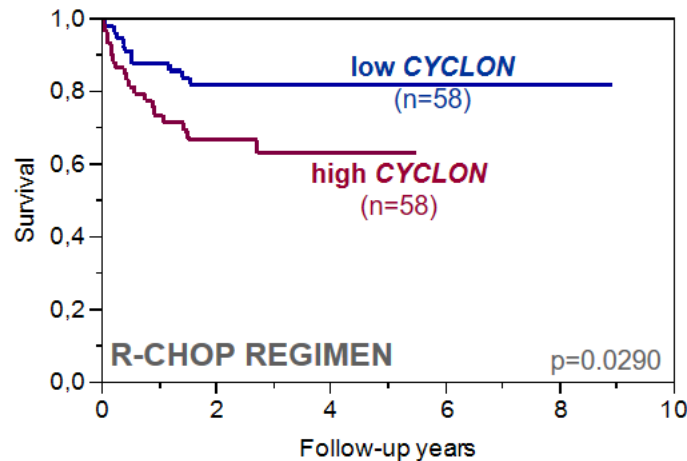
Basso et al, Nat Genet, 2005



Lenz et al, NEJM, 2008



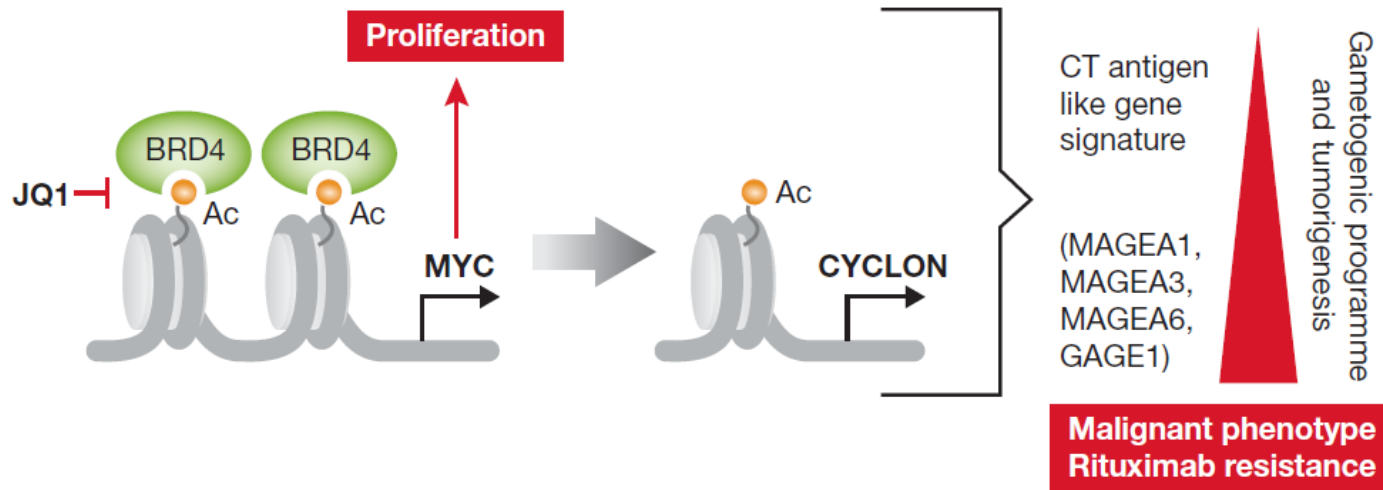
CYCLON is involved in resistance to anti-CD20 immunotherapy (Rituximab)



Identification of an iBET-sensitive gene regulatory circuit in high grade B-cell lymphoma

Closeup

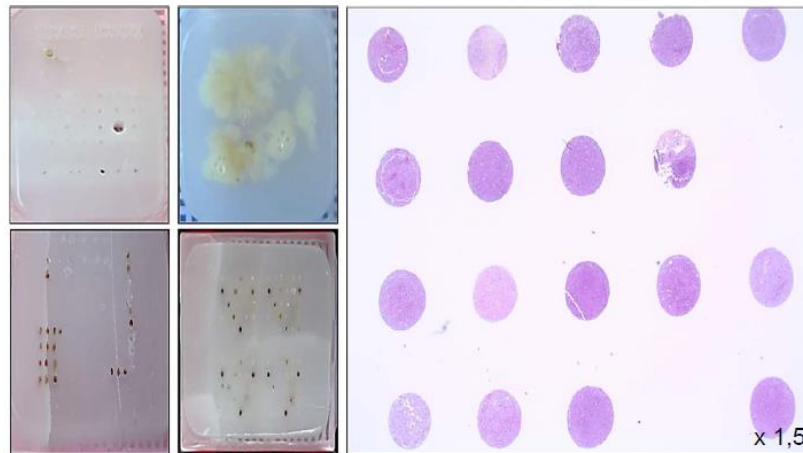
Rituximab resistance in lymphoma



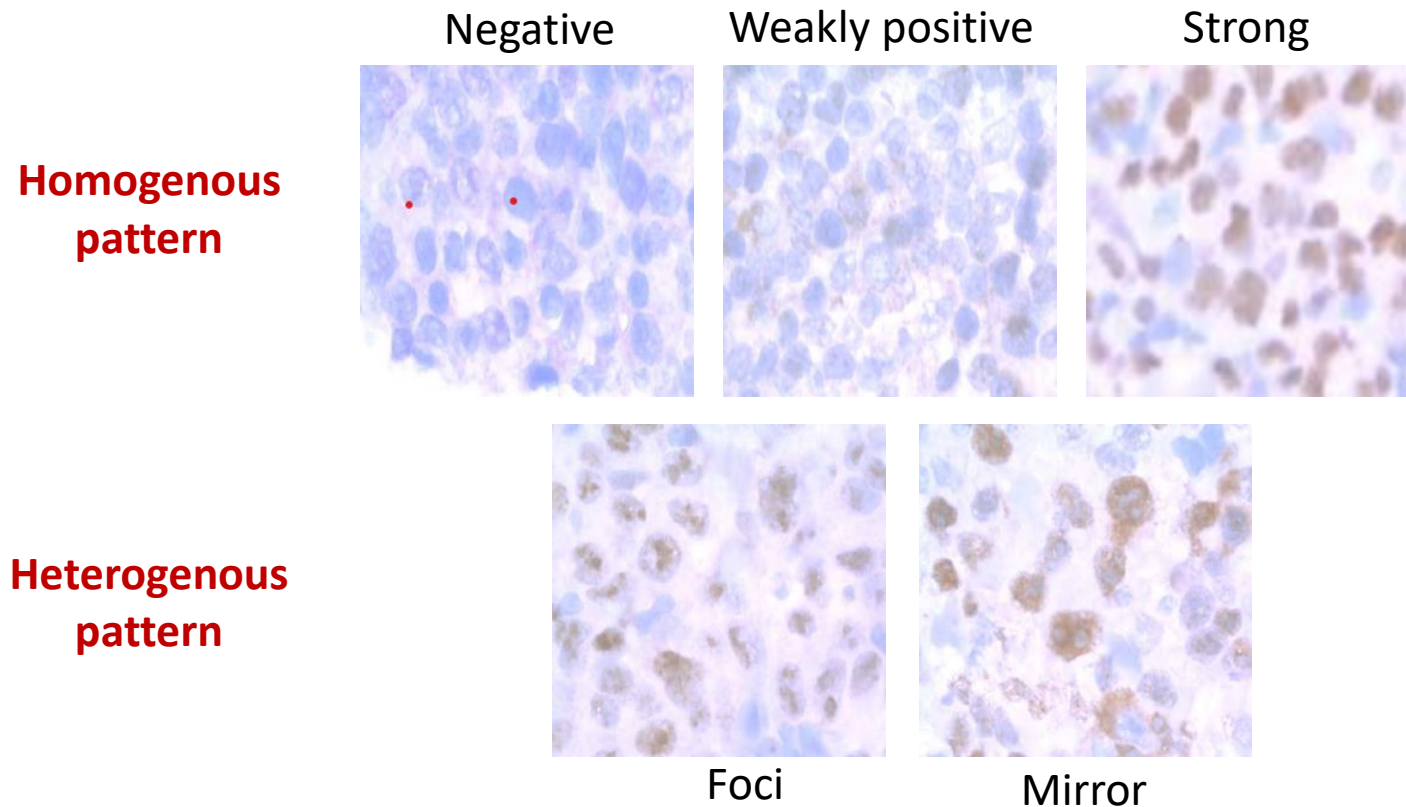
Clinical evaluation of CYCLON as a predictive biomarker of anti-CD20 response in DLBCL

DLBCL retrospective cohort (>100 patients CHUGA patients)

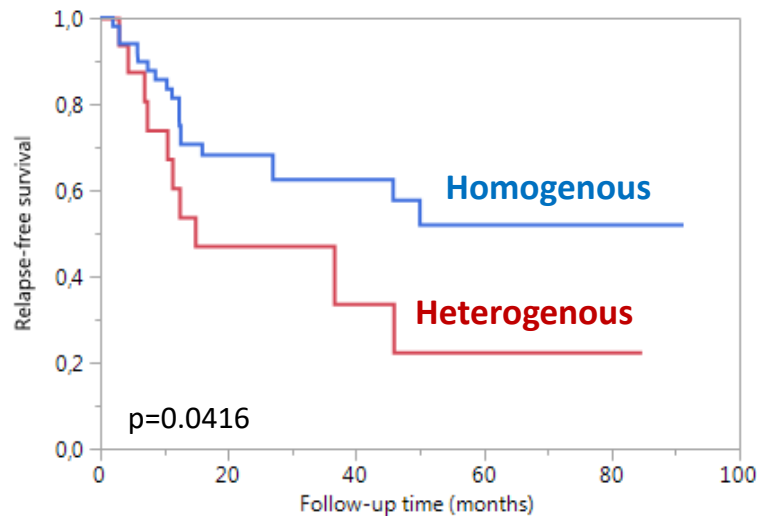
- R-CHOP treated
- Full clinical annotations
- Tissue microarray



Clinical evaluation of CYCLON as a predictive biomarker of anti-CD20 response in DLBCL

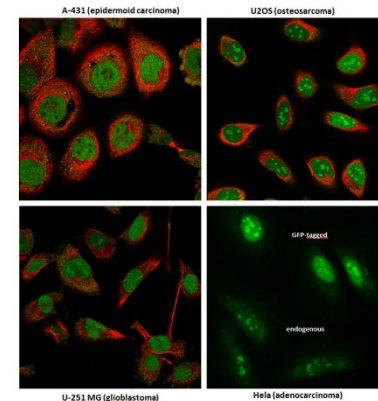


CYCLON subcellular localization pattern is associated with relapse-free survival



Variables	Type of variable	Survival criteria	Multivariate cox model		
			p-value	HR	95% CI (HR)
IPI score	Categorical	PFS	0.044	3.2	1.03-9.94
Staining pattern	Categorical	PFS	0.02	7.53	1.36-41.49

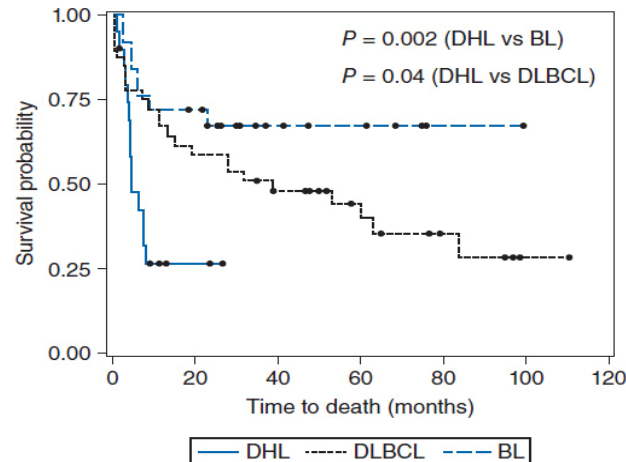
- Functional characterization of CYCLON nuclear substructures



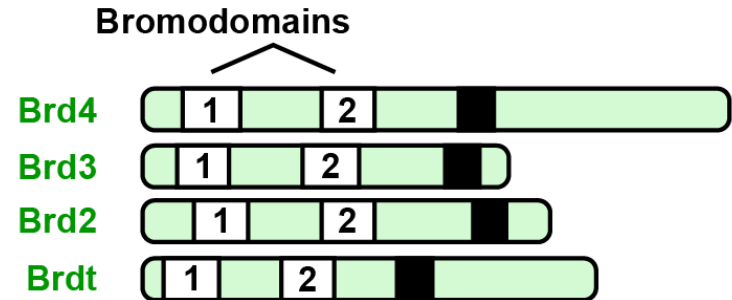
- Correlation with clinical, biological and genetic features to reveal further associations

Hervé Sartelet - Antonin Bouroumeau
 Rémy Gressin - Lucile Bussot
 Thierry Bonnefoix
 Mary Callanan (CHU Dijon)

Function and inhibition of BET in double hit DLBCL



Lack of selectivity : 1 inhibitor, 8 BDs



**Understand the contribution
of each BET BD in lymphomas**

Genetics
RNA-seq ATAC-seq
Proteomics

**BD selective BET inhibitors in combination
with other therapeutic agents**

RVX208, iBET762, iBET26 (GSK)
Developed with YS Wong (DPM, Grenoble)

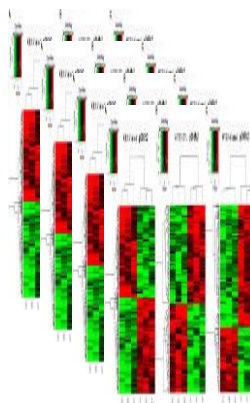
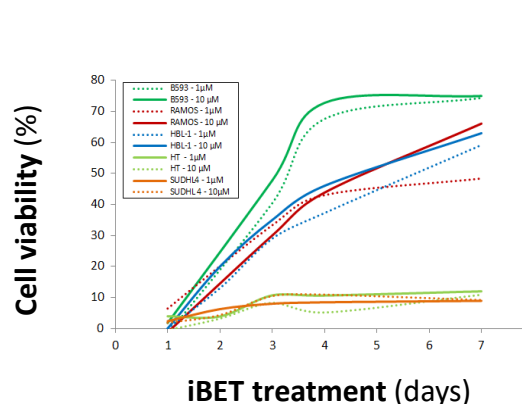


Resistance to BET inhibition in DLBCL

Predictive statistical modeling for personalized identification of druggable resistance factors

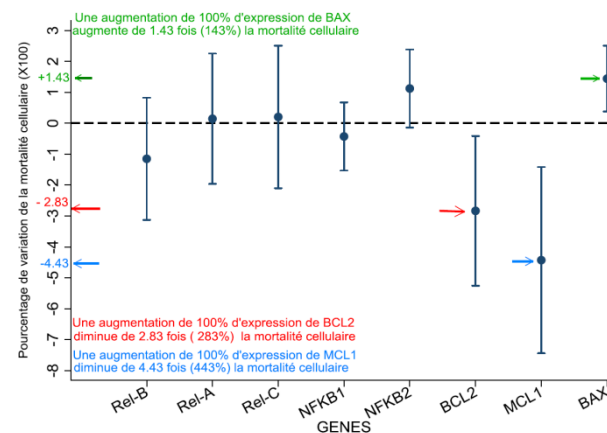
Gene expression profiling of DLBCL primary cells upon BET inhibition

Cell viability and proliferation
RNA-seq



Identification of iBET target genes involved in therapeutic resistance

Generalized linear mixed models
(accounting individual variability)



Elasticity : expected variation of gene expression according to cell death upon iBET treatment

Thierry Bonnefoix
Stage Master1 Sami El Mimouni
Rémy Gressin

Projet présélectionné : Appel d'offre d'interne CHUGA 2019
Volet Recherche innovante



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